DID YOU EVER WONDER WHAT'S IN...?

BREASTMILK

C	ARBOHYDRATES (energy source)
	Lactose
	Oligosaccharides (see below)
C	ARBOXYLIC ACID
	Alpha hydroxy acid
	Lactic acid
P	ROTEINS
(b	ouilding muscles and bones)
	Whey protein
	Alpha-lactalbumin
	HAMLET (Human Alpha-lactalbumin
	Made Lethal to Tumour cells) Lactoferrin
	Many antimicrobial factors (see below)
	Casein
	Serum albumin
N	ON-PROTEIN NITROGENS
	Creatine
	Creatinine
	Uric acid
	Peptides (see below)
	Amino Acids (the building blocks of proteins)
	Alanine
	Arginine
	Aspartate
	Clycine
	Cystine
	Glutamate
	Histidine Isoleucine
	Leucine
	Lycine
	Methionine
	Phenylalanine
	Proline
	Serine
	Taurine
	Theronine Tryptophan
	Tyrosine
	Valine
	Carnitine (amino acid compound necessary to
	make use of fatty acids as an energy source)
	Nucleotides (chemical compounds that are
	the structural units of RNA and DNA)
	5'-Adenosine monophosphate (5"-AMP)
	3':5'-Cyclic adenosine monophosphate (3':5'-cyclic AMP)
	5'-Cytidine monophosphate (5'-CMP)
	Cytidine diphosphate choline (CDP choline)
	Guanosine diphosphate (UDP)
	Guanosine diphosphate - mannose
	3'- Uridine monophosphate (3'-UMP)
	5'-Uridine monophosphate (5'-UMP)
	Uridine diphosphate (UDP)
	Uridine diphosphate hexose (UDPH)

Uridine diphosphate-N-acetyl-hexosamine

Several more novel nucleotides of the UDP type

Uridine diphosphoglucuronic acid (UDPGA)

(UDPAH)

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Triglycerides
 Long-chain polyunsaturated fatty acids
    Docosahexaenoic acid (DHA) (important
    for brain development)
    Arachidonic acid (AHA) (important for
    brain development)
    Linoleic acid
    Alpha-linolenic acid (ALA)
    Eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA)
    Conjugated linoleic acid (Rumenic acid)
  Free Fatty Acids
  Monounsaturated fatty acids
   Oleic acid
    Palmitoleic acid
    Heptadecenoic acid
  Saturated fatty acids
    Stearic
    Palmitic acid
    Lauric acid
    Myristic acid
Phospholipids
  Phosphatidylcholine
  Phosphatidylethanolamine
  Phosphatidylinositol
  Lysophosphatidylcholine
  Lysophosphatidylethanolamine
  Plasmalogens
Sphingolipids
  Sphingomyelin
  Gangliosides
    GM1
    GM2
    GM3
  Glucosylceramide
  Glycosphingolipids
  Galactosylceramide
  Lactosylceramide
  Globotriaosylceramide (GB3)
  Globoside (GB4)
Sterols
  Squalene
  Lanosterol
  Dimethylsterol
  Methosterol
  Lathosterol
  Desmosterol
  Triacylglycerol
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Cholesterol

Sitosterol

β-lathosterol

7-dehydrocholesterol

Vitamin D metabolites

Steroid hormones

7-ketocholesterol

Stigma-and campesterol

VITAMINS
Vitamin A
Beta carotene
Vitamin B6
Vitamin B8 (Inositol)
Vitamin B12
Vitamin C
Vitamin D
Vitamin E
a-Tocopherol
Vitamin K
Thiamine
Riboflavin
Niacin
Folic acid
Pantothenic acid
Biotin
DIOUIT
MINERALS
Calcium
Sodium
Potassium
Iron
Zinc
Chloride
Phosphorus
Magnesium
Copper
Manganese
Iodine
Selenium
Choline
Sulpher
Chromium
Cobalt
Fluorine
Nickel
AAFTAI
METAL
Molybdenum (essential element
many enzymes)
CDOWTH EACTORS
GROWTH FACTORS
(aid in the maturation of the inter
Cytokines
interleukin-1β (IL-1β)
IL-2

estinal lining) IL-6 IL-8 IL-10 Granulocyte-colony stimulating factor (G-CSF) in the Macrophage-colony stimulating factor (M-CSF) Platelet derived growth factors (PDGF) Vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) Hepatocyte growth factor $-\alpha$ (HGF- α) HGF-β Tumor necrosis factor-α Interferon-y Epithelial growth factor (EGF) Transforming growth factor- α (TGF- α) TGF-β2 Insulin-like growth factor-I (IGF-I) (also

known as somatomedin C)

Insulin-like growth factor- II

Nerve growth factor (NGF)

Erythropoietin

(combinations of amino acids)	ANTIPROTEASES (thought to bind themselves to macromolecules
HMGF I (Human growth factor)	such as enzymes and as a result prevent allergic
HMGF II	and anaphylactic reactions)
HMGF III	a-1-antitrypsin
Cholecystokinin (CCK)	a-1-antichymotrypsin
β-endorphins	
Parathyroid hormone (PTH)	ANTIMICROBIAL FACTORS
Parathyroid hormone-related peptide (PTHrP)	(are used by the immune system to identify
β-defensin-1	and neutralize foreign objects, such as
Calcitonin	bacteria and viruses.)
Gastrin	Leukocytes (white blood cells)
Motilin	Phagocytes
Bombesin (gastric releasing peptide, also known as neuromedin B)	Basophils Neutrophils
Neurotensin	Eoisinophils
Somatostatin	Macrophages
Somatostatin	Lymphocytes
HORMONES	B lymphocytes (also known as B cells)
(chemical messengers that carry signals from	T lymphocytes (also known as C cells)
one cell, or group of cells, to another via the	slgA (Secretory immunoglobulin A) (the most
blood)	important antiinfective factor)
Cortisol	IgA2
Triiodothyronine (T3)	IgG
Thyroxine (T4)	IgD
Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH) (also	IgM
known as thyrotropin)	IgE
Thyroid releasing hormone (TRH) Prolactin	Complement C2
Oxytocin	Complement C2 Complement C3
Insulin	Complement C4
Corticosterone	Complement C5
Thrombopoietin	Complement C6

Complement C7

Complement C8

Complement C9

Lactadherin

Lewis antigens

Ribonuclease

Alpha-lactoglobulin

Alpha-2 macroglobulin

Haemagglutinin inhibitors

Bifidus Factor (increases growth of

Glycoproteins

Mucins (attaches to bacteria and viruses to

prevent them from clinging to mucousal tissues)

Leptin (aids in regulation of food intake) Ghrelin (aids in regulation of food intake) Adiponectin Feedback inhibitor of lactation (FIL) Eicosanoids Prostaglandins (enzymatically derived from fatty acids) PG-E1 PG-E2 PG-F2 Leukotrienes Thromboxanes **ENZ**

Gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GnRH)

Thromboxanes	Lactobacillus bifidus - which is a good bacteria)
Prostacyclins	Lactoferrin (binds to iron which prevents
	harmful bacteria from using the iron to grow)
NZYMES	Lactoperoxidase
catalysts that support chemical reactions	B12 binding protein (deprives
the body)	microorganisms of vitamin B12)
Amylase	Fibronectin (makes phagocytes more
Arysulfatase	aggressive, minimizes inflammation, and
Catalase	repairs damage caused by inflammation)
Histaminase	Oligosaccharides (more than 200 different
Lipase	kinds!)
Lysozyme	
PAF-acetylhydrolase	

FORMULA

WATER	
CARBOHYDRATES	
Lactose	
Corn maltodextrin	

PROTEIN

Partially hydrolyzed reduced minerals whey protein concentrate (from cow's milk)

FATS

Palm olein Soybean oil Coconut oil High oleic safflower oil (or sunflower oil) M. alpina oil (Fungal DHA) C.cohnii oil (Algal ARA)

MINERALS Potassium citrate Potassium phosphate Calcium chloride Tricalcium phosphate Sodium citrate Magnesium chloride Ferrous sulphate Zinc sulphate Sodium chloride Copper sulphate Potassium iodide Manganese sulphate Sodium selenate

VITAMINS

Sodium ascorbate Inositol Choline bitartrate Alpha-Tocopheryl acetate Niacinamide Calcium pantothenate Riboflavin Vitamin A acetate Pyridoxine hydrochloride Thiamine mononitrate Folic acid Phylloquinone Biotin Vitamin D3

ENZYME

Trypsin

Vitamin B12

AMINO ACID

Taurine

L-Carnitine (a combination of two different amino acids)

NUCLEOTIDES

Cytidine 5-monophosphate Disodium uridine 5-monophosphate Adenosine 5-monophosphate Disodium guanosine 5-monophosphate Soy Lecithin



Phosphatase

Xanthine oxidase